



Nama :

No Peserta :

Listening Section

In this section of the test, you will have the chance to show how well you understand spoken English. There are four parts to this section with special directions for each part.

PART I

Questions 1 to 4.

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear some dialogues and questions spoken in English. The dialogues and the questions will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying.

After you listen to the dialogue and the question about it, read the five possible answers, and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have heard. Now listen to a sample question.

You will hear :

Man : How can I help you, Mum?

Woman : Please buy a kilo of rice, two kilos of sugar, a half kilo of eggs and a pack of tea.

Man : Do you need some chicken nuggets?

Woman : No, we still have some in the refrigerator.

Narrator : What shouldn't the man buy?

- A. Eggs.
- B. Tea.
- C. Rice.
- D. Sugar.
- E. Nuggets.

Narrator : The best answer to the question "What shouldn't the man buy?" is nuggets. Therefore you should answer (E).

1.
 - A. Warm.
 - B. Drier.
 - C. Hotter.
 - D. Cooler.
 - E. Very hot.

2.
 - A. A sport competition.
 - B. Nation's youth education.
 - C. The country's college students.
 - D. Oil and gas company's science competition.
 - E. Means of educating the nation's youth.



3.
 - A. Take a guava juice.
 - B. Order an orange juice.
 - C. Try an ice tea.
 - D. Order a cola float.
 - E. Drink mineral bottled water.

4.
 - A. He was spy.
 - B. He was a bullfighter.
 - C. He wrote famous stories.
 - D. He wrote about bullfighting.
 - E. He wrote an adventure novel.

PART II

Questions 5 to 7.

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear some incomplete dialogues spoken in English, followed by four responses, also spoken in English. The dialogues and the responses will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying. You have to choose the best response to each question.

Now listen to a sample question.

- Woman : Do you have any plans for next weekend?
Man : I am thinking of going mountain climbing.
Woman : That's interesting. Can I go with you?
Man : Sure. Do you have any suggestions for activities there?
Woman : ...

Narrator : What does the woman probably respond?

- A. Sorry, but I don't know much about that.
- B. Yes, we could have a barbeque there.
- C. Yes, I think that mountain is too high.
- D. Yes, I really love mountain climbing.

Narrator : The best answer to the question "What does the woman probably respond?" is "Yes, we could have a barbeque there." Therefore you should choose answer (B).

5. Mark your answer on your answer sheet.
6. Mark your answer on your answer sheet.
7. Mark your answer on your answer sheet.



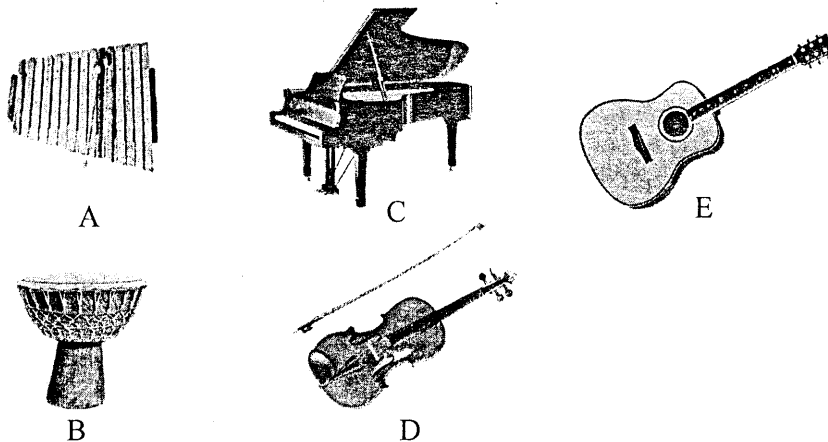
PART III

Questions: 8 to 11.

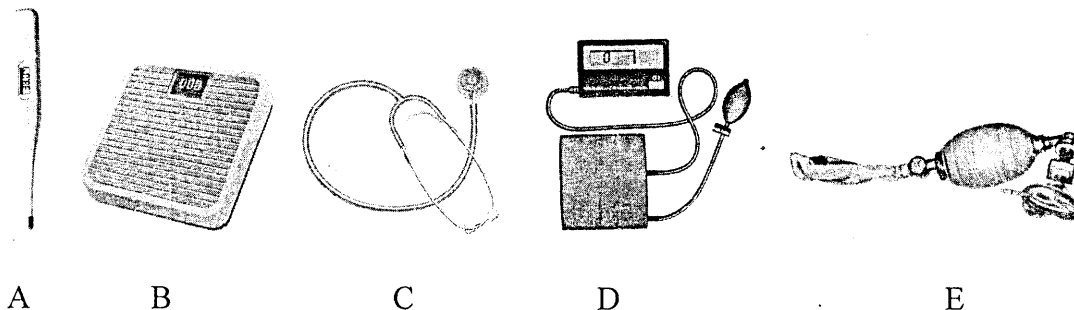
Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear some dialogues or monologues spoken in English. The dialogues or monologues will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying. After you listen to the dialogue or monologue, look at the five pictures provided in your test book, and decide which would be the most suitable one for the dialogue or monologue you have heard.

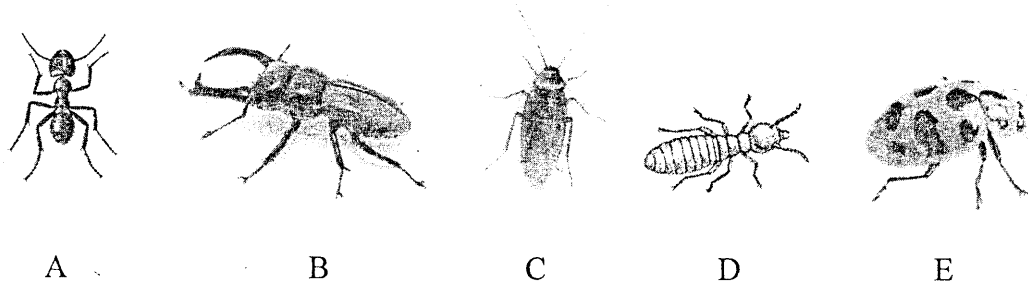
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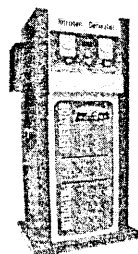


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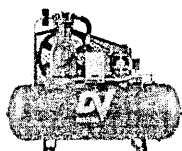




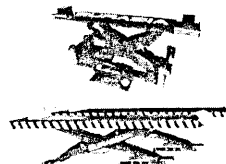
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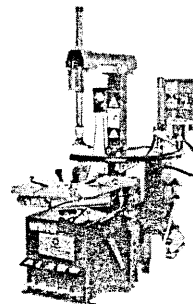
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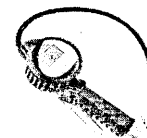
B



C



D



E

PART IV

Questions 12 to 15.

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear several monologues. Each monologue will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying.

After you hear the monologue and the question about it, read the five possible answers and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have heard.

Questions 12 and 13 are based on the following monologue.

12. A. Gallery complex.
B. Buddhist mythology.
C. Cambodia.
D. Khmer Empire.
E. Angkor Wat.
13. A. Old Empire.
B. Yosadapura Empire.
C. Meru Empire.
D. The King Empire.
E. Khmer Empire.

Questions 14 and 15 are based on the following monologue.

14. A. The poor mouse.
B. The prisoners.
C. The frog.
D. The mouse.
E. The hawk.
15. A. By using his beak.
B. By using his talons.
C. By shouting loudly.
D. By flying in the sky.
E. By observing a mouse.

This is the end of the listening section



This text is for questions 16 and 17!

Dear Sir or Madam,

Yesterday I moved to a house rented from your agency in Brighton Boulevard. To my surprise, I found the house is not well maintained.

The master bedroom has no key. The air conditioner does not work. How could I use my washing machine if the outlet is missing. The worst of all is that the main faucet has broken that no water can flow. This makes me unable to wash, to cook and to do any other things.

I had told Mr. David, one of your employees, about my problems but I got no response from him. I also called your secretary Miss. Brown but again, there was no response.

I would appreciate if you send me a mechanic to have those problems fixed immediately.

Your faithfully

Sarah Johnson

16. What is the letter about? It is a complaint about
- A. the bad room service of a house
 - B. the bad respons from the employee
 - C. the bad maintenance of a rental house
 - D. the worst condition of the main faucet
 - E. The unwell situation in the bedroom
17. Who is responsible for the maintenance of the house?
- A. The agency.
 - B. Miss. Brown.
 - C. The mechanics.
 - D. Sarah Johnson.
 - E. The marketing manager.



This text is for questions 18 and 19.

This new and unusual building in the downtown business district offers unique opportunities for small to midsized tenants to occupy an entire floor



OFFICE SUITES

from 1,600 to 6,000 square feet are available for immediate occupancy.

Commuting is easy, with the subway stop only one block away. It's convenient to shops, restaurants, hotels, and business services.

For leasing information call

303-572-5947

18. What is this advertisement about?
- A. A new office building.
 - B. Office suites to rent.
 - C. The unusual building downtown.
 - D. Office suites to sell.
 - E. A building in the business district.
19. The good point about the office suits is
- A. furnished
 - B. available in one type size
 - C. far from public places
 - D. several blocks away from subway stop
 - E. easy to reach for commuters

This text is for questions 20 to 22.

Bali, Indonesia – The island of Gods – lost its innocence at around 23.15 on Saturday, October 12th 2002, when terrorists triggered a bomb placed in two popular nightclubs of Paddy's and Sari Club killing almost 200 international tourists and locals alike, with many more injured. The effect of the blasts triggered a crisis and the like which had never been seen in Bali before and indeed shocked the world.

The tourism industry obviously was devastated. Hotel room occupancy rates, which for some properties were close to 100 percent prior to the attacks, plummeted to single-digit levels for many establishments as the mass exodus of international visitors gained momentum. Inbound air capacity was slashed, businesses closed and many Balinese found themselves unemployed.

20. What does the text tell us?
- A. The effect of the bombs on industry in Bali.
 - B. The tourism industry in Bali was totally devastated.
 - C. All business in Bali was closed after the bomb tragedy.
 - D. The terrorist triggering a bomb placed in front of hotel.
 - E. There are mass exodus of international visitors in Bali.



21. We know from the text that
- A. almost two hundred local people were killed in Kuta
 - B. many people were injured when the terrorists triggered a bomb in Kuta
 - C. Bali had ever had such a tragedy
 - D. the tragedy was shocking the world because there were a lot of tourists
 - E. the people from other countries have been popular coming to Kuta
22. "The tourism industry obviously was devastated" (paragraph 2)

The underlined word is closest in meaning to

- A. fascinated
- B. developed
- C. improved
- D. destroyed
- E. admired

This text is for questions 23 to 25.

Dr. ABDULRACHMAN SALEH
1909-1947

Born into a family of doctors in *Kampung Ketapang*, Kwitang Barat, Jakarta, Abdulrachman Saleh also became a doctor. After finishing MULO, he studied at STOVIA. While still a student, he was appointed assistant at the laboratory of physiology. Graduating from STOVIA, Abdulrachman Saleh continued his work at the lab while having his own medical practice.

Abdulrachman Saleh's role in medicine was significant. He became a lecturer in Jakarta, Surabaya, Malang, and Klaten. For his meritorious service in medicine, specifically in physiology, in 1958, the University of Indonesia bestowed him the title of *Bapak Ilmu Faal* (Father of Physiology).

Abdulrachman Saleh was a man of many interests. He was involved in youth organizations like Boy Scouts and *Indonesia Muda*. He was also a member of Aeroclub, and co-founded the *Verenigde Oosterse Radio Omroep* (VORO), an organization of broadcasters. It was he who established the *Voice of Free Indonesia*, the radio station which spread the proclamation of Indonesia's independence to the world.

23. Abdulrachman Saleh was bestowed the title Father of Physiology because
- A. he was a lecturer in the Medical faculty of the University of Indonesia
 - B. he had significant contribution in physiology
 - C. he was a lecturer in many parts of Indonesia
 - D. he was a lecturer as well as a doctor
 - E. he was a professor in physiology
24. The main idea of the first paragraph is that Abdulrachman Saleh ...
- A. had his own medical practice.
 - B. became a doctor because of his family.
 - C. started his career as a doctor in STOVIA.
 - D. studied at the medical school in STOVIA.
 - E. was appointed assistant at the laboratory of physiology.



25. "He was involved in youth organization"(Paragraph 3)

The underlined word is closest in meaning to

- A. noted
- B. supposed
- C. engaged
- D. excluded
- E. inspired

This text is for questions 26 to 29.

New glass bottles are made mainly of silica sand. The sand is melted in a furnace, at a very high temperature. Recycled glass bottles are made in a very similar way, but cost less and use up fewer natural resources.

The process begins when people take their used bottles and jars to a bottle bank. Next, the bottles and jars are taken by lorry to the recycling plant. At the plant, bottle tops and lids are removed. After that, the glass is crushed into small pieces. The crushed glass is then sent by lorry to a bottle factory. Here, it is mixed with a small amount of silica sand. It is then melted in a furnace, at a lower temperature than a new glass. Finally, the hot liquid glass is drawn out of the furnace and fed into machinery that makes it into bottles.

The recycled glass is pure and as strong as the new glass. The glass can be recycled many times without losing its quality.

26. What is the text mainly about?

- A. How glass is recycled .
- B. How glass is crushed into small pieces.
- C. How glass is transported to the factory.
- D. How to mix glass with the silica sand.
- E. How silica sand is melted.

27. How is the quality of the recycled glass compared with that of the new glass?

- A. Better.
- B. Worse.
- C. The same.
- D. Stronger.
- E. More pure.

28. We learn from the text that

- A. the quality of the recycled glass is poorer than that of the new ones
- B. the quality of the recycled glass lessens after being recycled
- C. more natural resources is needed to recycle using the glass
- D. silica sand is only used for producing the new glass
- E. glass can be recycled very easily



29. "It is then melted in a furnace" (Paragraph 2).

The underlined word is the closest meaning to

- A. gas
- B. glass
- C. solid
- D. frozen
- E. liquid

This text is for questions 30 to 32.

We Should Change the Payment System

Nowdays, the system of payment gradually changes. Most people use debit cards instead of cash to make payment. They think it is more effective, efficient, easier, and simpler. However, there are still arguments about the use of debit cards as a method of payment.

Well, if you use the card, you will say that the card is so practical. You don't need to count how much you should pay. When paying in cash, people are afraid of making mistakes in counting the banknote for both the payment and the change. With debit card's the mistakes is made smaller.

Moreover, you should know that the debit cards are safer than money. Suppose you bring a lot of money when travelling. If it is lost or stolen, you will be left with nothing in your hands. However, if you bring a debit card, you can just phone the bank which issues the card to block it.

On the other hand, people who disagree on the use of debit card will say that its use is so limited. When you buy something in a traditional market, or a vendor, for example, can you pay using a credit card? Of course not.

Another thing is that, if you want to use the card, you should make a purchase at minimum amount. If you make less than the minimum transaction, you can not make use of the card.

For those reasons we think that credit cards are not fully effective as a means of payment. We should trace the incoming and ongoing money in our account. Besides, we have to control our habit of buying first, paying later habit. Otherwise, without being realized we are charged a lot. You don't have to use credit cards if not necessary.

30. What is the text about?

- A. Differences between payments by cash and credit cards.
- B. The disadvantages of paying in cash.
- C. The advantages of using credit cards.
- D. The advantages of using debit cards.
- E. Different payment systems.

31. According to the text, one advantage of using the debit card is that

- A. it cannot be stolen
- B. it is as practical as using cash
- C. we can use it everywhere for shopping
- D. the possibility of mistakes in counting is smaller
- E. we can make a purchase at minimum amount



32. What is paragraph 3 about?
- Debit cards for travelling.
 - The advantage of debit cards over cash.
 - The safety system of debit cards.
 - What to do when you lose cash.
 - How to bring a debit card.

The following text is for questions 33 to 35.

Directors:

Mark Osborne, John Stevenson

Writers:

Jonathan Aibel (screenplay), Glenn Berger (screenplay)

Stars:

Jack Black, Ian McShane, Angelina Jolie

The story of 'Kung Fu Panda' is nothing really new, but it is told so well that actually pack an emotional punch. And it never comes off as laughable, which in lessers hands could easily have happened. Speaking of laughs, there are many to be had here as well. 'Kung Fu Panda' works on just about every level a family movie can.

The cast features Jack Black as Po the Panda. The furious five, the most feared group of warriors in all of China, consists of Tigress (Angelina Jolie), Monkey (Jackie Chan), Mantis (Sth Roger), Viper (Lucy Liu), and Crane (David Cross). Their master is Shifu (Dustin Hoffman), a fur ball creature who is a legendary teacher of Kung Fu. Escaped from prison and on his way to claim the Dragon Scroll, which will make him the all powerful Dragon Warrior, is the good gone bad Tai Lung (Ian McShane). But first, he'll have to muscle his way around 400 pounds of panda to get to it. 'Kung Fu Panda' is a damn good time at the movies. This was the movie that Dreamworks Animation so desperately needed after the disappointing 'Shrek The Third'. With gorgeous animation, spectacular action, a great cast and dramatic weight of an Akira Kurasawa film, Kung Fu Panda is one of favourite movies of the year.

33. The text is
- a review of " Kung Fu Panda"
 - how the film of "Kung Fu Panda" was made
 - why the film is liked by every family
 - the technicality of the film
 - the characters in the film
34. According to the text ...
- Dreamworks Animation always makes good movies.
 - "Shrek the Third" is as successful as previous movies.
 - "Kung Fu Panda" is a new story in the genre.
 - the producer is very proud of "Kung Fu Panda"
 - "Kung Fu Panda" is better than "Shrek the Third"



35. Who is the teacher of the great warriors?
- Mantis.
 - Crane.
 - Shifu.
 - Po the panda.
 - Tai Lung.

This text is for questions 36 to 38.

2012 Film Review

2012 is Roland Emmerich's film which uses the Mayan Calendar and other end-of-days prophecies for their doomsday scenario. It imagines the world coming to an end in *2012*.

2012 film brings off a series of wonders. The movie hits its peak early on. It starts when Cusack drives a limo through the streets of Los Angeles as freeway and skyscrapers crumble all around him from the shock of a 10.5 earthquake. The preposterous flying sequence is equally thrilling. The climax occurs aboard the giant ark. When an equipment malfunction almost threatens the entire mission.

Unfortunately, the crucial sequence is not filmed or edited with the requisite clarity. In *2012* film, Emmerich leaves us befuddled as to exactly what is happening to whom. However, Emmerich's *2012* deserves credit for offbeat casting. Cusack supplies his trademark hand-dog charm. McCarthy has perhaps his best role ever as Peet's cocky. Danny Glover lends dignity to the role of the tormented president. Chiwetel Ejiofor, as the chief scientist, brings a moving sense of anguish to a stock role. Platt has fun playing the villain of the piece, and Woody Harrelson also chews the scenery as a bug-eyed radio prophet trying to warn his listeners about Armageddon.

All in one, *2012*'s cinematography, production design and visual effects are award-worthy. Music also propels the movie. It presents American Idol runner-up, Adam Lambert, who provides a rousing anthem over the end credits.

36. The writer of the film *2012* was
- Adam Lambert
 - Danny Glover
 - Cusack
 - Roland Emmerich
 - Woody Harrelson
37. Which part of the film should be improved?
- The music.
 - Visual effect.
 - The equipment.
 - Crucial sequence.
 - The design.
38. "The movie hits its peak early on" (paragraph 2)
- The underlined word is closest in meaning to
- average
 - top
 - failure
 - name
 - descent



This text is for question 39.

Despite potential drawbacks and the controversy surrounding it, nuclear energy does have a few advantages over some other methods of energy production. The first merit is concerned with expense. Less uranium is needed to produce the same amount of energy as coal or oil, which lowers the cost of producing the same amount of energy. Next, it is a dependability factor. When a nuclear power plant is functioning properly, it can run uninterrupted for up to 540 days. The running of the plant is also not contingent of weather or foreign suppliers, which makes it more stable than other forms of energy. Finally, while nuclear energy does have some emissions, the plant itself does not give off greenhouse gasses. One of the reasons that nuclear energy falls under fire so frequently is due to the many disadvantages it brings. First, uranium is used in the process of fission because it is a naturally unstable element, meaning that special precautions must be taken during the mining, transporting and storing of the uranium. Next, there is a case of water pollutant issues. Nuclear fission chambers are cooled by water. This water is then turned into steam, which is used to power the turbines. While measures are taken to ensure that no radiation is being pumped into the environment, other heavy metals and pollutants can make their way out of the chamber.

39. A nuclear energy plant assures reliable sources of energy by
- its continuous operations of the power plant.
 - producing uranium as the main material.
 - creating fission reactions in the reactor.
 - releasing little greenhouse gases into air.
 - lowering the cost of energy production.

The text is for questions 40 and 41.

Should Automatic and Semi-automatic Guns be Banned

First I'll state points and why they should be banned. Automatic and semi-automatic guns are military weapons. They fire continuously for about 20 second firing hundreds of bullets until the trigger is released. Although they are military weapons, they are sold to the public. People buy them for keeping them at the house in case of a break-in but in that case you wouldn't need a giant weapon to fend off a robber and with children they can be fatal.

In this next section I'm going to talk about why they shouldn't be banned. Farmers sometimes need these rifles not as weapons but maybe put down a cow with broken legs or spinal cord as it the quickset way to kill animal without feeling a long period of pain.

Well, as you can see I have more points for getting rid of the weapons than againts, so from this you obviously can see what must be done. Not only to make things safer but to bring humanity to parts of our society. I don't think that automatic and semi-automatic weapon should be distributed throughout the community in urbanized areas because they are just another excuses for trouble.

40. What is the writer's opinion about the issue?
- He disagrees with the issue of using guns freely.
 - He disagrees with the issue of banning guns.
 - He supports the idea of banning guns.
 - He supports the idea of using guns.
 - He stands equal position for both.



41. "Farmers sometimes need these rifles not as weapons but maybe to put down a cow with broken legs or spinal cord ..." (Paragraph 2)

The underlined words have the closest meaning to

- A. to cage
- B. to kill
- C. to beat
- D. to fine
- E. to chase

The following text is for question number 42.

According to 1996 World Food Summit, "Food security exists when all people, at all times, have physical and economic access to sufficient, safe and nutritious food that meets their dietary needs and food preferences for an active and healthy life." To World Health Organization (WHO), "Food security means fulfillment in these conditions: First, all people at all times have both physical and economic access to enough food for an active, healthy life. Also, the ways in which food is produced and distributed are respectful of the natural processes of the earth and thus sustainable. Next, both the consumption and production of food are governed by social values that are just and equitable as well as moral and ethical. Then, the ability to acquire food is ensured. Beside, the food itself is nutritionally adequate and personally and culturally acceptable. Finally, the food is obtained in a manner that upholds human dignity." Similarly community food security has been defined by Public Health Association of British Columbia as follows: "Community food security exists when all citizens obtain a safe, personally acceptable, nutritious diet through a sustainable food system that maximizes healthy choices, community self reliance and equal access for everyone."

42. What is the topic of the text above?
- A. Concepts of food proposed by world organizations.
 - B. Aspects needed to be fulfilled for food availability.
 - C. Food security as defined from different sources.
 - D. Minimum criteria for providing nutritious food.
 - E. Quality food according to different institutes.



This text is for questions 43 and 44.

Gorillas

Gorillas are the largest of all the primates. The animal order is including Lemurs, tarsiers, monkeys, and apes. They are the anthropoid apes which have the greater in size. Gorillas are terrestrial animals, inhabiting the lands, not the water. Many of them live in the forests of central West Africa.

A male gorilla can be 180 centimeters tall and can weigh 200 kilograms. Physically gorillas are very powerful, but they do not often fight. In fact they are peaceful animals. Gorillas live in small family groups of about 15. In a group, there is one strong, older male, some young males, and a few females with their babies. Like some other kind of apes, they are vegetarians. They move slowly around a large area of jungle eating leaves and bushes.

In some ways gorillas are like humans. However, according to some careful research, they are not the ancestors of human beings. Unfortunately, people hunt and kill gorillas. People also cut down and burn their trees where they live. There are now only about 10.000 gorillas left in the world.

43. The text implies that to protect gorillas from extinction, the government should
- A. punish hunters who hunt animals
 - B. forbide people to get into the forest
 - C. forbide people to cut trees in the forest
 - D. remind people not to disturb gorillas' habitat
 - E. make strict regulation on hunting and protecting of the gorillas
44. "Gorillas are terrestrial animals, inhabiting the lands, not the water." (Paragraph 1).

The underlined word has similar meaning to

- A. living in
- B. destroying
- C. wondering
- D. roaming around
- E. gathering in



This text is for questions 45 and 46.

PT. DWI POLITAN INDONESIA Tbk.

(the "Company")

**ANNOUNCEMENT
TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY**

Announcement is hereby made to the shareholders of the Company that an **Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the Company** will be convened in Jakarta on **Wednesday, June 13, 2013**.

Pursuant to Article 21 paragraph 3 of the Articles of Association of the Company, Notice for the meeting will be given by placing an advertisement of **May 28, 2013** in 3 (three) daily newspaper published in Indonesia, two of which shall be in Indonesian language and have national circulation and the other shall be in English.

Shareholders of the Company entitled to be present or represented at the meeting shall be those whose names are registered in the Register of Shareholders of the Company as of **May 25, 2013 at 16.00 West Indonesian Time**.

Jakarta, May 14, 2013

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

PT. DWI POLITAN INDONESIA Tbk.

45. Who are invited to the meeting?
- Board of directors.
 - The company and associates.
 - The registered shareholders of the company.
 - The managers of the company domiciled in Jakarta.
 - The shareholders of the company around Indonesia.
46. "Pursuant to Article 21 Paragraph 3 of the Article of Association of the Company ..."
(Paragraph 2)

What is the synonym of the underlined word?

- In accordance with.
- In the meantime.
- On the other hand.
- On the contrary.
- In similar way.



47. Arrange the sentences below into a good order.

1. At the further of the wood was another pretty cottage
2. There was once a sweet maid who lived in a pretty cottage
3. She gave her a red clock with a hood which she always wear
4. Where grandmother lived in
5. Everybody loved this little girl, her grandmother loved her most of all
6. So, people called her Red Riding Hood

The best arrangement is

- A. 1-2-4-3-5-6
- B. 2-1-3-4-5-6
- C. 2-1-4-5-3-6
- D. 1-2-3-4-5-6
- E. 2-3-1-4-5-6

Questions 48 to 50 based on the following cloze test.

Octopuses are mollusks, a kind of animal with a soft body. Unlike other mollusks, such as clams and oysters, octopuses and squid have no hard (48) to protect them. An octopus is an animal without any bones. Surrounding the main portion of its body is a fleshy covering, called a mantle. Most of the internal organs of an octopus are inside the mantle. An octopus has two big (49), so it has very good vision. Seals, eels, and other sea animals prey on octopuses. An octopus' main method of defense is to shoot a cloud of dark ink into the water. The ink cloud confuses the attacker, and the octopus jets away. Octopuses can also (50) color rapidly when they are in danger. They change color to fit in with their surroundings. This helps them to hide from prey.

48.

- A. skin
- B. scales
- C. seals
- D. shells
- E. skull

49.

- A. eyes
- B. bones
- C. fingers
- D. thumbs
- E. shoulders

50.

- A. complain
- B. wonder
- C. deliver
- D. change
- E. breathe