



Nama :

No Peserta :

Listening Section

In this section of the test, you will have the chance to show how well you understand spoken English. There are four parts to this section with special directions for each part.

PART I

Questions 1 to 4.

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear some dialogues and questions spoken in English. The dialogues and the questions will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying.

After you listen to the dialogue and the question about it, read the five possible answers, and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have heard. Now listen to a sample question.

You will hear :

Man : How can I help you, Mum?

Woman : Please buy a kilo of rice, two kilos of sugar, a half kilo of eggs and a pack of tea.

Man : Do you need some chicken nuggets?

Woman : No, we still have some in the refrigerator.

Narrator : What shouldn't the man buy?

- A. Eggs.
- B. Tea.
- C. Rice.
- D. Sugar.
- E. Nuggets.

Narrator : The best answer to the question "What shouldn't the man buy?" is nuggets. Therefore you should answer (E).

1.
 - A. Warm.
 - B. Drier.
 - C. Hotter.
 - D. Cooler.
 - E. Very hot.

2.
 - A. A sport competition.
 - B. Nation's youth education.
 - C. The country's college students.
 - D. Oil and gas company's science competition.
 - E. Means of educating the nation's youth.



3.
 - A. Take a guava juice.
 - B. Order an orange juice.
 - C. Try an ice tea.
 - D. Order a cola float.
 - E. Drink mineral bottled water.

4.
 - A. He was spy.
 - B. He was a bullfighter.
 - C. He wrote famous stories.
 - D. He wrote about bullfighting.
 - E. He wrote an adventure novel.

PART II

Questions 5 to 7.

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear some incomplete dialogues spoken in English, followed by four responses, also spoken in English. The dialogues and the responses will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying. You have to choose the best response to each question.

Now listen to a sample question.

- Woman : Do you have any plans for next weekend?
Man : I am thinking of going mountain climbing.
Woman : That's interesting. Can I go with you?
Man : Sure. Do you have any suggestions for activities there?
Woman : ...

Narrator : What does the woman probably respond?

- A. Sorry, but I don't know much about that.
- B. Yes, we could have a barbeque there.
- C. Yes, I think that mountain is too high.
- D. Yes, I really love mountain climbing.

Narrator : The best answer to the question "What does the woman probably respond?" is "Yes, we could have a barbeque there." Therefore you should choose answer (B).

5. Mark your answer on your answer sheet.
6. Mark your answer on your answer sheet.
7. Mark your answer on your answer sheet.



PART III

Questions: 8 to 11.

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear some dialogues or monologues spoken in English. The dialogues or monologues will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying. After you listen to the dialogue or monologue, look at the five pictures provided in your test book, and decide which would be the most suitable one for the dialogue or monologue you have heard.

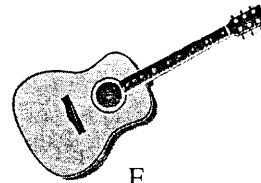
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A



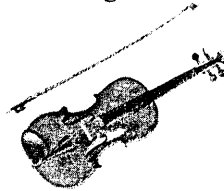
C



E



B



D

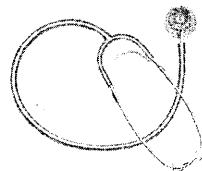
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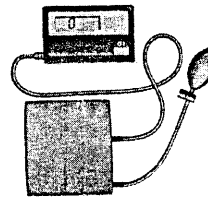
A



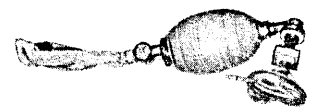
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C



D

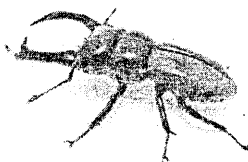


E

10.



A



B



C



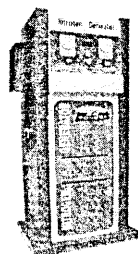
D



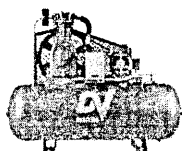
E



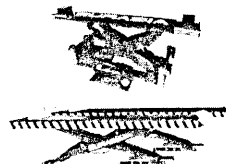
11.



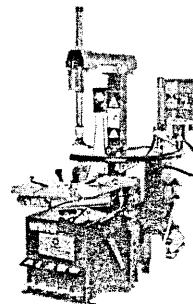
A



B



C



D



E

PART IV

Questions 12 to 15.

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear several monologues. Each monologue will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying.

After you hear the monologue and the question about it, read the five possible answers and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have heard.

Questions 12 and 13 are based on the following monologue.

12. A. Gallery complex.
B. Buddhist mythology.
C. Cambodia.
D. Khmer Empire.
E. Angkor Wat.
13. A. Old Empire.
B. Yosadapura Empire.
C. Meru Empire.
D. The King Empire.
E. Khmer Empire.

Questions 14 and 15 are based on the following monologue.

14. A. The poor mouse.
B. The prisoners.
C. The frog.
D. The mouse.
E. The hawk.
15. A. By using his beak.
B. By using his talons.
C. By shouting loudly.
D. By flying in the sky.
E. By observing a mouse.

This is the end of the listening section

**This text is for questions 16 and 17**

Dear Customer Relation Department,

My flight from IAD to LAX on the 27th was somewhat of a disappointment. My overhead light was inoperable. The majority of the flight was at night with a full passenger load, and there was no place to move. I was counting on that flight time to finish my end-of-the month report due the next morning. As it turned out, without that simple little thing – the overhead light – I had to spend two and half hours at home that evening finishing the report.

I fly the Bhineka Airlines as my primary airline, and this type of thing is not common. I am very well taken care of by the management and staff of Bhineka. I know that you will make this simple and unfortunate situation right with me. The overhead light was over seat 5A. Please fix the issue before another passenger is negatively effected. I look forward to your rectifying this situation.

Respectfully,

Ruby Iwan

16. What is the letter about?
- A. To help the airline improve the service.
 - B. To complain strongly about the bad service.
 - C. To report his travel to the customer relation office.
 - D. To get a seat in the night flight
 - E. To cancel his flight with IAD.
17. What is the particular concern in Ruby's letter?
- A. The transfer from IAD to LAX.
 - B. The writer's disappointment with the service.
 - C. The writer's failure to finish the report.
 - D. The flight schedule at night.
 - E. The overhead light over seat 5 A.



This text is for questions 18 and 19.

This new and unusual building in the downtown business district offers unique opportunities for small to mid-sized tenants to occupy an entire floor



OFFICE SUITES

from 1,600 to 6,000 square feet are available for immediate occupancy.

Commuting is easy, with the subway stop only one block away. It's convenient to shops, restaurants, hotels, and business services.

For leasing information call **303-572-5947**

18. What is this advertisement about?
- A new office building.
 - Office suites to rent.
 - The unusual building downtown.
 - Office suites to sell.
 - A building in the business district.
19. The good point about the office suits is
- furnished
 - available in one type size
 - far from public places
 - several blocks away from subway stop
 - easy to reach for commuters

Text is for questions 20 to 22.

Damaged Roads

The number of damaged roads linking Jakarta with West Java has certainly provoked complaints from locals and road users. Take for an example, the roads in Bekasi and Tangerang, which have been the focus of the media. Head of traffic officials, Sutraman said "The road should be repaired using the right sort of asphalt, stones, and sand. Repairs should be done carefully so that the roads can be prevented from constant damage. Other wise, the repairs would be questioned".

(Jakarta Daily)

20. The text reports
- the damaged roads linking Jakarta and West Java
 - the damaged roads in Bekasi and Tangerang
 - the complaints from locals and road users
 - the poor quality of the damaged roads
 - the poorly constructed roads in Jakarta and West Java



21. Sutraman's suggestion is related to his concern that
- A. many roads in Jakarta and West Java are badly damaged
 - B. many complaints are heard everyday in the mass media
 - C. the traffic is badly affected by the bad road conditions
 - D. road repairs may not be conducted appropriately
 - E. the media continually report the damaged roads
22. "The number of damaged roads linking Jakarta with West Java ..."

The underlined word is closest in meaning to

- A. bridging
- B. adjusting
- C. connecting
- D. cooperating
- E. relating

The text is for questions 23 to 25.

Neymar da Silva Santos Junior born 5 February 1992, commonly known as Neymar, is a Brazilian footballer who plays for La Liga club FC Barcelona and the Brazilian national team, as a forward or winger.

At the age of 19, Neymar Jr won the 2011 South American Footballer of the Year award, after coming third in 2010. He followed this up by winning it again in 2012. In 2012 Neymar received nominations for the FIFA Ballon d'or, where he came 10th, and the FIFA Puskas Award, which he won. He is known for his acceleration, speed, dribbling, finishing and ability with both feet. His playing style has earned him critical acclaim, with fans, media and former players drawing comparison to former Brazil player Pele, who has called Neymar "an excellent player".

Neymar joined Santos in 2003 and , after through the ranks, he was promoted to the their first team squad. He made his debut for Santos in 2009, and was voted the Best Young

Player of the 2009 Campeonato Paulista. Further honours followed, with Neymar being voted best player as Santos won the 2010 Campeonato Paulista, and also being top score in the 2010 Copa de Brasil with 11 goals. He finished the 2010 season with 42 goals in 60 games as his club achieved the Double. Neymar was again voted best player of the year in 2011 as his side retained the state title and Santos also winning the 2011 Copa Libertadores in which Neymar scored 6 goals in 13 appearances. He also played a key role in securing a Continental Double for his team, Santos' first since 1963. He received the Bronze Ball in the 2011 FIFA Club World Cup, with Santos making it to the final, where they were defeated 4-0 by Barcelona.

23. What happened to Neymar in 2011?
- A. He made his first debut.
 - B. He moved to FC Barcelona.
 - C. He received the FIFA Puskas Award.
 - D. He scored 6 goals in 13 appearances.
 - E. He helped Brazil to win their 11th title.



24. The main idea of paragraph 3 is . . .
- A. Neymar played for Santos.
 - B. Neymar joined Santos.
 - C. Neymar played the best.
 - D. Neymar received award.
 - E. Neymar scored many goals.
25. “. . . . who has called Neymar “ an excellent player “ (Paragraph 2)
The underlined word is closest in meaning to
- A. confident
 - B. fantastic
 - C. magnificent
 - D. skillful
 - E. generous

The following text is for questions 26 to 29.

Solar energy evaporates exposed water from seas, lakes, rivers and wet soil, the majority of this evaporation takes place over the seas. Water is also released into the atmosphere by the plants through photosynthesis. During this process, known as evapotranspiration, water vapour rises into the atmosphere.

Clouds are formed when air becomes saturated with water vapour. The two major types of cloud formation are stratified or layered grey clouds called surutus and following white or dark grey cloud called cumulus clouds.

Precipitation as rain or hail ensures the heated water returns to Earth's surface in a fresh form. Some of this rain, however, falls into the seas and is not accessible to humans. When rain falls, it either washes down hill slopes or seeps underground, when snow and hail melt, this water may also shrink into the ground.

Rain fall also replenishes river water supplies so does underground water. Snow fall may consolidate into glaciers and ice sheet which, when they melt, release their water into the ground, into streams or into the seas.

26. The text tells about
- A. types of cloud
 - B. how clouds form
 - C. cloud evaporation
 - D. how water vapour rises
 - E. how water cycle works
27. Why does water return to earth's surface in a fresh form?
- A. It has been evaporated.
 - B. It is full of water vapour.
 - C. It is kept in the atmosphere.
 - D. It is the form of precipitation.
 - E. It is kept in the form of clouds.



28. Evapotranspiration is a process when water is released into the atmosphere by
- A. the seas
 - B. the streams
 - C. the rivers
 - D. the wet soils
 - E. the vegetations
29. "Clouds are formed when air becomes *saturated* with water vapour." (Paragraph 2)

The word "saturated" has the same meaning as

- A. full
- B. dry
- C. dirty
- D. heavy
- E. overload

The following text is for questions 30 to 32.

Boarding School Education

While many parents send their children to public schools, there are some other people choose boarding school education. They prefer their children are educated there for some reasons

At an early age interacting and communicating with people is very important for a child's personal life and can be especially helpful for his/her future. In a boarding school, shy children can take advantage of interaction through communal activities. The boarding school also offers a great variety of activities such as arts, sports, and music that allow the children to demonstrate and develop specialized skills in their free time.

Furthermore, the structured way of life and strict rules at the boarding school may help students to get used to a well ordered way of life. The manners and social skills will help them to become more responsible and confident, and to develop their talents in leadership. Professionally trained teachers and educators in the boarding school can offer excellent education without the parents' constant supervision.

In conclusion, boarding schools allow students to interact communally and to do some possitive activities. Besides they also build students characters.

30. What is the text about?
- A. What makes boarding school differ from public schools.
 - B. Some good points of boarding schools.
 - C. Why people don't send their children to public schools.
 - D. The comparison between boarding schools and public schools.
 - E. Boarding school education is the best.
31. According to the text, the weakness of boarding school is
- A. it provides excellent education
 - B. it is inappropriate for dependent student
 - C. it can help the learners develop their talents
 - D. it makes the learners more responsible and confident
 - E. it helps the students develop their talent in leadership



32. What is the main idea of the third paragraph?
- Boarding school teaches student to interact with people.
 - Boarding school prepares student' future.
 - Boarding school teaches student social skills.
 - Boarding school has some professional teachers.
 - Boarding school teaches students to be discipline.

This text is for questions 33 to 35.

Detective Sherlock Holmes and his friend Dr. Watson back on the cinema through the '*A Game of Shadows*'. After the success of his first film in 2009, Guy Ritchie re-directed sequel of 'Sherlock Holmes'.

A bomb exploded in Stassbourg, England soon became headlines in several newspapers. Holmes (Robert Downey Jr.) who disguised as a beggar was busy stalking Irene Adler (Rachel McAdams), his enemy which also his idol that brings an important package.

In the sequel of 'Sherlock Holmes this time, Professor, James Moriarty (Jared Harris) to be the most dangerous enemy. Moriarty is not the kind of people who are hesitant to remove the lives of many people in order to achieve the goal. Explosions in Strassbourg in one of the result of Prof. Moriarty's creation.

Holmes is busy when his friend, Dr. Watson (Jude Law) is getting married, because marriage would automatically make Holmes lost his partner in investigating the case.

A gypsies woman, Madam Sinza Heron (Noomi Rapace), helped Holmes get the adventure this time. There was also the Holmes brother, Mycroft Holmes (Stephen Fry) who came to be an accomplice of the detective this time.

Farce as those made by Holmes and several other characters in the film guaranteed to invite laughters. The chemistry between Robert Downey Jr. And Jude Law is not be doubted anymore. Since in the first film, the two men are able to captivate the audience and not be missed.

Chess competition between Holmes and Prof. Moriarty became the ultimate point. They both described the mind wanders respectively. Do you intrigue with the acting of the detective? The film 'Sherlock Holmes : '*A Game of Shadows*' can be an alternative entertainment at this weekend.

33. The text is about
- A review of "*A Game Of Shadows*" movie
 - The description of Holmes' life as a Detective
 - An introduction of "Sherlock Holmes" movie
 - A disscussion about Robert Downey Jr, and Jude Law's lives
 - A report of the adventure of a gypsy woman
34. According to the text, the good thing of the film is that
- it shows the readers how to do the investigation
 - the first film was a sign that the further film was also interesting to see
 - the farce of characters is guaranteed
 - the characters feel sure of their performance to persuade to see
 - it is still arguable that the visual effect can influence the readers



35. Who created explosions in Strassbourg?
- A. Robert Downey Jr.
 - B. Sherlock Holmes.
 - C. Prof. Moriarty.
 - D. Dr. Watson.
 - E. Jude Law.

The text is for numbers 36 to 38.

When author Nicholas Sparks sat down to write *The Notebook*, a tender love story inspired by the enduring relationship of his wife Cathy's grandparents, he wanted his readers to walk away with a renewed spirit of hope.

"I'll never forget watching those two people flirt," he recalls. "I mean, you don't see that very often. They'd been married 67 years, and yet they still loved each other. I wanted to write a book about that kind of love. I wanted people to know that unconditional love does exist.

So Sparks created *The Notebook*, the simple story of Noah Calhoun, a soft spoken North Carolina outdoorsman who carried his love for the willowy Allie Nelson with him along after their youthful romance had ended. He paralleled Noah's silent passions with Allie's haunting thoughts—feelings she could not escape even after she became engaged to another man. He asked his readers to consider what it might mean if these relatively happy, middle-aged people found their destinies once again overlapped.

He presented questions all but universal in appeal: what would happen if two people were given a second chance at the love of a lifetime.

Sparks deftly answers that question. But it's the inspiration drawn from his real life grandparents that makes *The Notebook* more than just a novel of flames reignited. The novel opens and closes with an elderly Noah Calhoun reading aloud from his personal journals and "notebook". And as he shares the delicate details, the good with the bad, it's clear he is as enchanted with Allie in old age as he was on the day they met.

"And that's the legacy of *The Notebook*," according to Nicholas Sparks. "When love is real, it doesn't matter what turns the road takes. When love is real, the joys and possibilities are endless.

36. Who has inspired the writer?
- A. An outdoorsman.
 - B. Nicholas Sparks.
 - C. Cathy's grandparents.
 - D. Allie Nelson.
 - E. Noah Calhoun.
37. According to the novel reviewed, the characteristic of Noah is
- A. meticulous
 - B. loving
 - C. fragile
 - D. hatred
 - E. nifty



38. "He presented questions all but universal in appeal :" (Paragraph 4)

The underlined word has the same meaning with

- A. asked
- B. conveyed
- C. thought
- D. shared
- E. gave

This text is for question 39.

The impact of globalization visibly and largely affects the politics and the economy of the country but its effect on the mindset and the culture is noticeable gradually in the way people think and react. Some of these good and bad points of this worldwide phenomenon are obvious from some points. People favoring globalization state that there is a worldwide market for the companies and for the customers there is a better access to products from different countries. Also, politics is merging and decisions that are being taken are actually beneficial to people all over the world. Cultural intermingling increases and every nation tries to know more about the other nations' cultural preferences. In this process, we are actually coming across things that we like and in the course of time adopt it. However, there are also opponents of globalization. There is immense pressure on the employed people of developed countries who are always under the threat of their jobs being outsourced. Globalization may lead to loss of cultural identity as western ideas are always imposed upon the eastern thoughts.

39. How can globalization be beneficial culturally?
- A. Cultural adaption is more open and inevitable.
 - B. Developed countries realize the importance of education.
 - C. Political ideas inspire people for a more democratic unity.
 - D. Exchanges of western and eastern cultures become intensive.
 - E. People of different cultures are aware of others likes and dislikes.



This text is for questions 40 and 41.

The Graduation Standard

The implementation of the new graduation standard for High-School Students has evoked people to bring different responses. Some people's ideas are for some others againsts the rule.

Some people agree with the rule because it indicates students' mastery of the whole material or the competence they have managed to have over the past three years. The result of the final exam is also significant for students' future study in the higher level. In addition, we are far left behind by our neighboring countries that have implemented a higher graduation grade standard. If the standard is omitted, then student will get left behind even further by those students from neighboring countries students.

However, some other people believe that imposing a high standard will not be effective. The results of the exams have proven to be unreliable. How can you asses the students' competence only in a couple of days. A smart student for example, may get a low grade just because he is sick during the exam. On the other hand, an idle student may achieve the standard due to luck. There should then be an alternative way to the national exam.

Despite different points of view, the government's relating party are intensely working on this matter in the hope of getting a better solution upon improving the High-School graduates' quality.

40. What is the writer's position in the controversy of graduation standardization?
- The writer does not take side.
 - The writer follows the government's policy.
 - The writer is strongly against it.
 - The writer supports it.
 - The writer opposes it.
41. "The implementation of the new graduation standard for High School has evoked people to bring different responses." (Paragraph 1)
The underlined word is closest in meaning to
- created
 - reminded
 - examined
 - gained
 - got



This text is for question 42.

What is water pollution? Water pollution is what happens when factories, wastewater treatment plants, construction sites, and people put things in the water that make it dirty. At one time, factories dumped untreated waste into the water. This is an example of water pollution. Not only does water pollution come from what is dumped into the water, but what is dumped on the land. When you put trash in a storm drain, toilet or in a body of water (rivers, lakes, streams, oceans) it causes the water to be polluted. Just think, if someone were changing their oil on their car and they dumped the oil on the ground, what would happen? Would you want to eat the fish that came from a waterway where you knew that oil went? Even today, accidents on ships and off-shore drilling rigs spill oil into the oceans. Animal waste run off from livestock feedlots seeps into groundwater, lakes, rivers and streams that eventually make it to the ocean. Fertilizers and pesticides wash off from fields and forests and soak into lakes, rivers, streams and ground water. Wastes from mines drain into water. Garbage disposals and toilets are also a large waste contributor.

42. The main idea of the text is

- A. sources of water pollution are varied
- B. some materials are potential pollutants
- C. water pollution is caused by many factors
- D. human activities are main causes of pollution
- E. water pollution is a body of water affected by impurities in it



This text is for questions 43 and 44.

Cancer is a group of diseases that can cause almost any signs or symptoms. The signs and symptoms will depend on where the cancer is, how big it is and how much it affects the organs or tissues. If a cancer has spread (metastasized), signs or symptoms may appear in different parts of the body.

As a cancer grows, it can begin to push on nearby organs, blood vessels and nerves. This pressure cause some of the sign and symptom of cancer. If the cancer is in a critical area. Such as certain parts of the brain, even the smallest tumor can cause symptoms. But sometimes cancer start in places where it will not cause any signs or symptoms until it has grown quite large. Cancers of the pancreas, for example, usually do not cause symptoms until they grow large enough to press on nearby nerves or organs (this causes back or belly pain). Others may grow around the bile duct and block the flow of bile. This causes the eyes and skin to look yellow (jaundice). By the time a pancreatic cancer causes signs or symptoms like these, it's usually in an advanced stage. This means it has grown and spread beyond the place it started the pancreas.

A cancer may also cause symptoms like fever, extreme tiredness (fatigue) or weight loss. This may be because cancer cells use up much of the body's energy supply, or they may release substances that change the way the body makes energy from food. Or the cancer may cause the immune system to react in ways that produce these signs and symptoms. Sometimes, cancer cells release substances into the bloodstream that cause symptoms which are nor usually linked to cancer. For example, some cancers of the pancreas can release substances that raise blood clots in veins of the legs. Some lung cancers make hormone-like substances that raise blood calcium levels. This affects nerves and muscles, making the person feel weak and dizzy.

Treatment works best when cancer is found early while it's still small and is less likely to have spread to other parts of the body. This often means a better chance for a cure. Especially if the cancer can be removed with surgery.

43. From the text, we learn that
- there is no disease which has no cure.
 - we should seek early detection of cancer to have the best treatment.
 - we should ignore any signs of cancer because it can be removed with surgery
 - when we feel weak and dizzy, it is sign of cancer.
 - healthy lifestyle can prevent us from cancer

44. "... how big it is and how much it affects the organs or tissues"(Paragraph 1).

The underlined word is closest in meaning to

- influences
- converses
- recovers
- changes
- culminates



This text is for questions 45 and 46.

We are announcing today that we are bringing the Milestone and Ever Green brands even closer together. Effective as of 5th December 2013, our official name will be:

GREEN MILES WEST

The substitution of “West” in our name---replacing “Cianjur”---is the result of an agreement we reached with Cianjur Gardening Assosiation, following a protest over the original use of “Cianjur” in our name.

We hope this does not create any confusion among our loyal consumers. While this represents a change from our initial name introduction, it does not change the quality of products we offer to our consumers.

45. Who issues the announcement?
- A. Green Miles West Company.
 - B. Green Miles West Customers.
 - C. The co-worker of Green Miles West.
 - D. The partnership of Green Miles West.
 - E. The loyal customers of Green Miles West.

46. “The substitution of “West” in our name ...”.

The word “substitution” is closest in meaning to

- A. merger
- B. insertion
- C. development
- D. replacement
- E. improvement



47. Arrange the following jumbled sentences into a meaningful paragraph!

1. Finally, one of the frogs listened to what the other frogs were saying and gave up. He fell down and died.
2. When the other frogs saw how deep the pit was, they told the two frogs that they were as good as dead. The two frogs ignored the comments and tried to jump up out of the pit with all their might.
3. The other frogs continued to jump as hard as he could. Once again the crowd of frogs yelled at him to stop the pain and just die.
4. The other frogs kept telling them to stop, that they were as good as dead.
5. He jumped even harder and finally made it out. When he went out, the other frogs said, "Didn't you hear us: the frogs explained to them that he was deaf. He thought they were encouraging him the entire time."
6. A group of frogs were travelling through the woods, and some of them fell into a deep pit.

The good arrangement is

- A. 6 – 2 – 4 – 3 – 1 – 5
- B. 6 – 2 – 4 – 1 – 5 – 3
- C. 6 – 2 – 4 – 1 – 3 – 5
- D. 6 – 2 – 1 – 4 – 3 – 5
- E. 6 – 2 – 1 – 3 – 4 – 5

Questions 48 to 50 based on the following cloze test.

Octopuses are mollusks, a kind of animal with a soft body. Unlike other mollusks, such as clams and oysters, octopuses and squid have no hard (48) to protect them. An octopus is an animal without any bones. Surrounding the main portion of its body is a fleshy covering, called a mantle. Most of the internal organs of an octopus are inside the mantle. An octopus has two big (49), so it has very good vision. Seals, eels, and other sea animals prey on octopuses. An octopus' main method of defense is to shoot a cloud of dark ink into the water. The ink cloud confuses the attacker, and the octopus jets away. Octopuses can also (50) color rapidly when they are in danger. They change color to fit in with their surroundings. This helps them to hide from prey.

48.

- A. skin
- B. scales
- C. seals
- D. shells
- E. skull

49.

- A. eyes
- B. bones
- C. fingers
- D. thumbs
- E. shoulders



50.
- A. complain
 - B. wonder
 - C. deliver
 - D. change
 - E. breathe